WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 1973

ENROLLED

HOUSE BILL No. 569

(By Mrs. Smil and Mu, Harman)

PASSED March 5 1973

In Effect 90 days from Passage

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FILED IN THE OFFICE EDGAR F. HEISKELL III. SECRETARY OF STATE
THIS DATE 3 19-73

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House Bill No. 569

(By Mrs. Smirl and Mr. Harman)

[Passed March 5, 1973; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to prevention and control of communicable, infectious and other diseases; compulsory immunization of school children; penalties; removal of small-pox immunization.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

§16-3-4. Compulsory immunization of school children; offenses; penalties.

- 1 All children entering school for the first time in this state
- 2 shall have been immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola,
- 3 rubella, tetanus and whooping cough. Any person who cannot
- 4 give satisfactory proof of having been immunized previously
- 5 or a certificate from a reputable physician showing that an
- 6 immunization for any or all diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella,
- 7 tetanus and whooping cough is impossible or improper or 8 sufficient reason why any or all immunizations should not be
- 9 done, shall be immunized for diphtheria, polio, rubeola, ru-

bella, tetanus and whooping cough prior to being admitted in any of the schools of the state. No child or person shall be admitted or received in any of the schools of the state until he or she has been immunized as hereinafter provided, or pro-duces a certificate from a reputable physician showing that an immunization for diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough has been done or is impossible or im-proper or other sufficient reason why such immunizations have not been done. Any teacher, having information concerning any person who attempts to enter school for the first time without having been immunized against diphtheria, polio, ru-beola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough shall report the names of all such persons to the county health officer. It shall be the duty of the health officer in counties having a full-time health officer to see that such persons are immunized before entering school.

In counties where there is no full-time health officer or district health officer, the county court or municipal council shall appoint competent physicians to do the immunizations and fix their compensation. The expense incurred in carrying into effect the provisions of this section shall be deemed part of the expense of the county, city, town or village as the case may be, and shall be charged and paid in the same manner as other expenses. County health departments shall furnish the biologicals for this immunization free of charge.

Health officers and physicians who shall do this immunization work shall give to all persons and children a certificate free of charge showing that they have been immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough, or he may give the certificate to any person or child whom he knows to have been immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough. If any physician shall give any person a false certificate of immunization against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, he shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars.

Any parent or guardian who refuses to permit his or her child to be immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough, who cannot give satisfac50 tory proof that the child or person has been immunized against diphtheria, polio, rubeola, rubella, tetanus and whooping cough 51 52 previously or a certificate from a reputable physician showing that an immunization for any or all is impossible or improper 53 54 or sufficient reason why any or all immunizations should not 55 be done, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, except as here-56 in otherwise provided, shall, upon conviction, be punished by 57 a fine of not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars for each

58 offense.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Committee Originated in the House. Takes effect ninety days from passage. Clerk of the Senate Clerk of the House of Delegates President of the Senate Speaker House of Delegates The within..... day of.... C 641

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

Date 3/12/73

Time 1:40p.m.